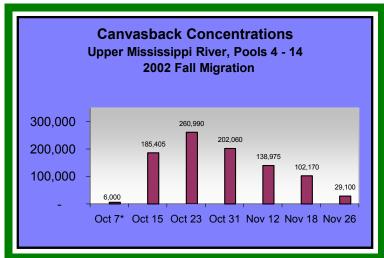
Changes in Hunting Season

Duck Populations

This year the canvasback and pintail season will be "a season within a season." Continued concerns have prompted a restricted hunting season for both species. Spring surveys in the prairies and parklands of the U.S. and Canada indicate canvasback numbers are unchanged and pintails are above the 2002 estimates. Pintails remain about 40 percent below the long-term average and canvasback are just below their long-term average.

Habitat conditions for breeding waterfowl greatly improved over last year with warm temperatures and abundant rain during the spring in most prairie areas. Biologists are hopeful these favorable conditions will contribute to a population recovery.



* Denotes Partial Survey

2003 Season Dates

Canvasback:	Season	Ьу	State
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Minnesota Oct 11-Nov. 9

Sept. 27 (noon) -Oct.26 (N. Zone) Wisconsin

Oct. 18-Nov. 16 (S.Z.)

Oct. 18-Nov. 16 lowa

(N.Z.)

Illinois Oct. 16-Nov. 14 (N.Z.)

(N.Z.)

Pintail: Season by State

Minnesota Sept. 27—Oct. 26

Sept. 27 (noon)-Oct. 26 (N. Zone) Wisconsin

Oct. 4 (noon)-Oct 12 and

Oct. 18-Nov. 7 (S.Z.)

Sept. 20-24/Oct 11-Nov 4

Oct. 16-Nov. 14

Winona District (Pools 4-6) La Crosse District (Pools 7-8) 507-494-6211

McGregor District (Pools 9-11)

(Ext. 3)

Savanna District (Pools 12–14)

(Ext. 14)

Canvasbacks on the Upper Mississippi River

During fall migration, canvasbacks prefer a diet of plant and animal foods which are often found in open water areas. In 2002, cavasback numbers peaked at 260,990 primarily on Pools 7, 8, 9, and 13. Similar numbers are expected this year.

Help protect waterfowl

Report violations to:

Minnesota DNR 1-800-652-9093 Wisconsin DNR 1-800-847-9367 Iowa DNR 1-800-532-2020 Illinois DNR 1-877-236-7529

US Fish and Wildlife Service:

608-783-8404 563-873-3423

815-273-2732

How you can help

Expect to see canvasbacks, pintail, and scaup from late summer through winter!

Over 75 percent of the canvasbacks in North American use the Mississippi Flyway during migration. Canvasbacks, pintails, and scaup may arrive before the opening of the waterfowl season and remain in the area after the season ends.

Know your ducks!

Being able to identify waterfowl in flight is important and contributes to a more enjoyable hunting experience. If you can't identify waterfowl, take the time and learn. Canvasbacks in flight can easily be confused with pintails, redheads, ring-necked ducks, and scaup (bluebills) - species all found on the Upper Mississippi River.

Let 'em get close!

It's easier to identify canvasbacks and other waterfowl at 25-35 yards, or closer, and you will have fewer crippled birds. Practice estimating distances.

Help Others!

Tell other waterfowlers when canvasbacks, pintails, and scaup are in the area. Teach others identification skills.

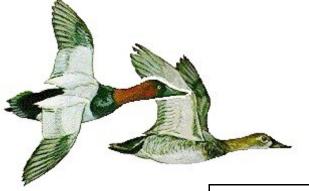
The following contributed to the printing of the brochure: Brice Prairie Conservation Association. Coulee Region Chapter of Friends of the Upper Mississippi River Refuges, Holmen Rod and Gun Club, La Crosse County Conservation Alliance, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Lake Onalaska District, Wisconsin Waterfowl Association, and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service...

lowa

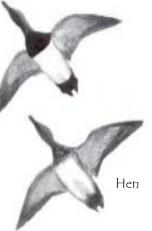
Illinois

Can You Distinguish Between.....

Canvasbacks



Drake

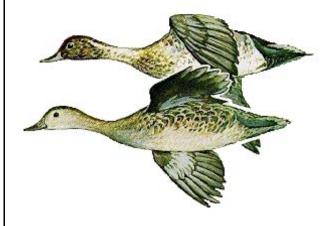


Canvasbacks are powerful, direct fliers. The sloping profile of the head and bill are distinctive. The feet are outstretched beyond the tail. White belly contrasts with dark chest and rump. Young birds and females may fly alone or in small groups.

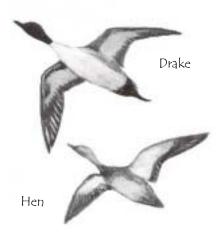


Typical Canvasback Flock Pattern

Pintails



Pintails are extremely graceful and fast fliers.
They are fond of zig-zagging from great heights before leveling off to land.





Typical Pintail Flock Pattern

Waterfowlers
Know
Your
Ducks!

Remember!

Canvasback

and

Pintail

Season Has Been

Shortened

This Year